MIC5259

300mA High PSRR, Low Noise µCap CMOS LDO

General Description

The MIC5259 is an efficient CMOS voltage regulator optimized for low-noise applications. It offers 1.5% initial accuracy, low dropout voltage (300mV at 300mA) and low ground current (typically 105µA at light load). The MIC5259 provides a very-low-noise output, ideal for RF applications where a clean voltage source is required. The MIC5259 has a high PSRR even at low supply voltages, critical for battery operated electronics. A noise bypass pin is also available for further reduction of output noise.

Designed specifically for handheld and battery-powered devices, the MIC5259 provides a TTL-logic-compatible enable pin. When disabled, power consumption drops to nearly zero.

The MIC5259 also works with low-ESR ceramic capacitors, reducing the amount of board space necessary for power applications; critical issue in handheld wireless devices.

Key features include current limit, thermal shutdown, faster transient response, and an active clamp to speed up device turn-off. The MIC5259 is available in the 6-pin 2mm × 2mm MLF® package and the 5-pin Thin SOT-23 package in a wide range of output voltages.

Data sheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at www.micrel.com.

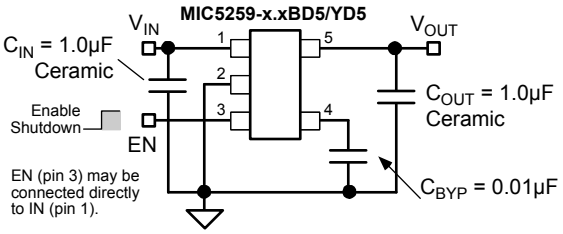
Features

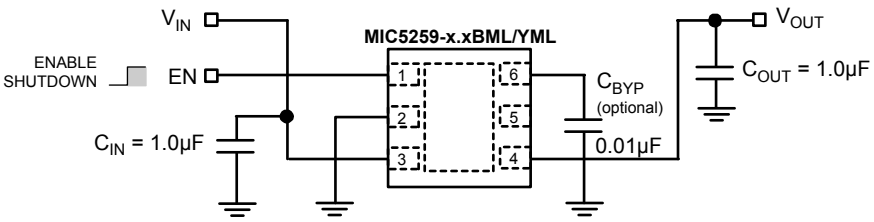
- Input voltage range: 2.7V to 6.0V
- PSRR = 70dB @ 1kHz
- Low output noise: 30µV(rms)
- Stability with ceramic output capacitors
- Low-dropout: 300mV @ 300mA
- High-output accuracy:
  - 1.5% initial accuracy
  - 3.0% over temperature
- Low quiescent current: 105µA
- Tight load and line regulation
- TTL-Logic-controlled enable input
- "Zero" off-mode current
- Thermal shutdown and current limit protection

Applications

- Cellular phones and pagers
- Cellular accessories
- Battery-powered equipment
- Laptop, notebook, and palmtop computers
- Consumer/personal electronics
- Industrial portable electronics
- PC peripherals

Typical Application





Ultra-Low Noise Regulator Application

MLF and *Micro*LeadFrame are registered trademarks of Amkor Technology, Inc.

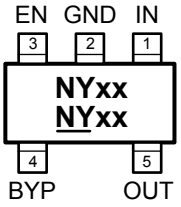
Ordering Information[1]

Part Number		Marking		Voltage	Junction Temp. Range**	Package
Standard	Pb-Free	Standard	Pb-Free*			
MIC5259-1.5BD5	MIC5259-1.5YD5	NY15	NY15	1.5V	–40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
MIC5259-1.8BD5	MIC5259-1.8YD5	NY18	NY18	1.8V	–40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
MIC5259-2.5BD5	MIC5259-2.5YD5	NY25	NY25	2.5V	–40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
MIC5259-2.8BD5	MIC5259-2.8YD5	NY28	NY28	2.8V	–40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
MIC5259-2.85BD5	MIC5259-2.85YD5	NY2J	NY2J	2.85V	–40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
MIC5259-3.0BD5	MIC5259-3.0YD5	NY30	NY30	3.0V	–40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
MIC5259-3.3BD5	MIC5259-3.3YD5	NY33	NY33	3.3V	–40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
	MIC5259-1.5YML		$\overline{Y}$15	1.5V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF®
	MIC5259-1.8YML		$\overline{Y}$18	1.8V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF®
	MIC5259-2.1YML		$\overline{Y}$21	2.1V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF®
MIC5259-2.5BML	MIC5259-2.5YML	Y25	$\overline{Y}$25	2.5V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF®
MIC5259-2.8BML	MIC5259-2.8YML	Y28	$\overline{Y}$28	2.8V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF®
MIC5259-2.85BML	MIC5259-2.85YML	Y2J	$\overline{Y}$2J	2.85V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF®
MIC5259-3.0BML	MIC5259-3.0YML	Y30	$\overline{Y}$30	3.0V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF®
MIC5259-3.3BML	MIC5259-3.3YML	Y33	$\overline{Y}$33	3.3V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF®

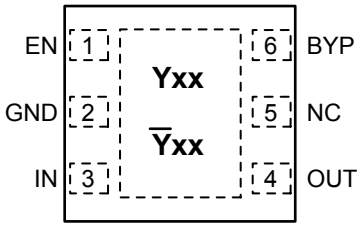
* Under bar / Over bar symbol (_ / ¯) may not be to scale.

** Other voltages available, please contact Micrel Marketing for details.

Pin Configuration



MIC5259-x.xBD5/YD5
5-Pin Thin SOT-23 (D5)
(Top View)



MIC5259-x.xBML/YML
6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF® (ML)
(Top View)

Pin Description

Pin Number TSOT-23-5	Pin Number MLF®-6	Pin Name	Pin Name
1	3	IN	Supply Input
2	2	GND	Ground
3	1	EN	Enable/Shutdown (Input): CMOS compatible input. Logic high = enable; logic low = shutdown. Do not leave open.
4	6	BYP	Reference Bypass: Connect external 0.01µF ≤ CBYP ≤ 1.0µF capacitor to GND to reduce output noise. May be left open.
5	4	OUT	Regulator Output
—	5	NC	No Connect

Absolute Maximum Ratings[1]

Supply Input Voltage (V_{IN}) ..... 0V to +7V
Enable Input Voltage (V_{EN}) ..... 0V to +7V
Power Dissipation (P_D) ..... Internally Limited[3]
Junction Temperature (T_J) ..... –40°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature (T_S) ..... –65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 5sec.) ..... 260°C
EDS Rating[4] 2kV

Operating Ratings[2]

Supply voltage (V_{IN}) ..... +2.7V to +6V
Enable Input Voltage (V_{EN}) ..... 0V to V_{IN}
Junction Temperature (T_J) ..... –40°C to +125°C
Thermal Resistance
TSOT-23 (θ_{JA}) ..... 235°C/W
2x2 MLF® (θ_{JA}) ..... 90°C/W

Electrical Characteristics[5]

$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$; $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$; I_{OUT} = 100µA; T_J = 25°C, **bold** values indicate –40°C≤ T_J ≤ +125°C, unless noted.

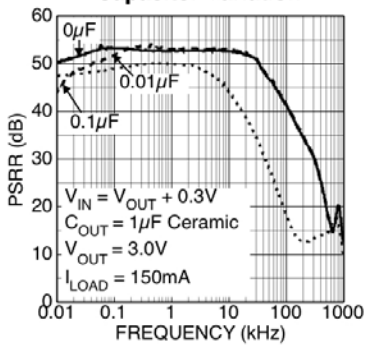
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_O	Output Voltage Accuracy	I_{OUT} = 100µA	–1.5 **–3**		1.5 **3**	% %
ΔV_{LRN}	Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ to 6V	–0.3	0.02	0.3	%/V
ΔV_{LDR}	Load Regulation	I_{OUT} = 0.1mA to 300mA(6)		0.6	**3.0**	%
$V_{IN} – V_{OUT}$	Dropout Voltage[7]	I_{OUT} = 150mA		150		mV
		I_{OUT} = 300mA		300	500 **550**	mV mV
I_Q	Quiescent Current	$V_{EN} \le 0.4V$ (shutdown)		0.2	**1**	µA
I_{GND}	Ground Pin Current[8]	I_{OUT} = 0mA		105	**150**	µA
		I_{OUT} = 300mA		120	**250**	µA
PSRR	Ripple Rejection; I_{OUT} = 150mA	f = 10Hz, C_{OUT} = 1.0µF, C_{BYP} = 0.01µF		65		dB
		f = 10Hz, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.3V$		53		dB
		f = 10kHz, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.3V$		53		dB
I_{LIM}	Current Limit	V_{OUT} = 0V	350	475		mA
e_n	Output Voltage Noise	C_{OUT} 1.0µF, C_{BYP} = 0.01µF, f = 10Hz to 100kHz		30		$\mu V_{(RMS)}$
Enable Input						
V_{IL}	Enable Input Logic-Low Voltage	V_{IN} = 2.7 to 5.5V, regulator shutdown			**0.4**	V
V_{IH}	Enable Input Logic-High Voltage	V_{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V, regulator enabled	**1.6**			V
I_{EN}	Enable Input Current	$V_{IL} \le 0.4V$, regulator shutdown		0.01	**1**	µA
		$V_{IH} \ge 1.6V$, regulator enabled		0.01	**1**	µA
	Shutdown Resistance Discharge			500		Ω
Thermal Protection						
	Thermal Shutdown Temperature			150		°C
	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis			10		°C

Notes:

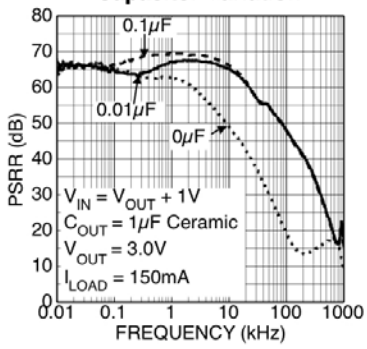
1. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
3. The maximum allowable power dissipation of any T_A (ambient temperature) is $P_{D(max)} = (T_{J(max)} – T_A) / \theta_{JA}$. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. The θ_{JA} of the MIC5259-x.xBM5 (all versions) is 235°C/W on a PC board. See “Thermal Considerations” section for further details.
4. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended.
5. Specification for packaged product only.
6. Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Parts are tested for load regulation in the load range from 0.1mA to 300mA. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
7. Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at 1V differential. For outputs below 2.7V, dropout voltage is the input-to-output voltage differential with the minimum input voltage 2.7V. Minimum input operating voltage is 2.7V.
8. Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current. The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.

Typical Characteristics

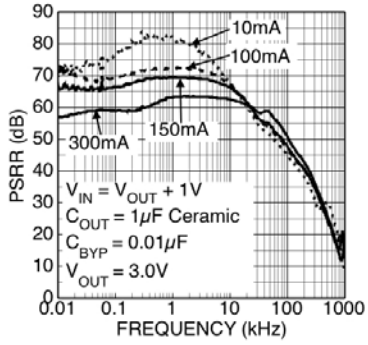
PSRR with Bypass Capacitor Variation



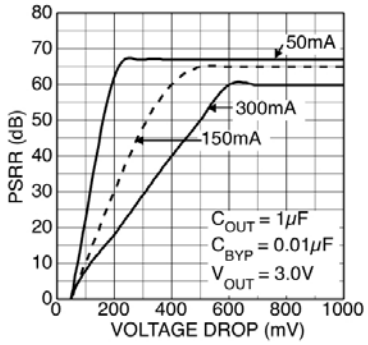
PSRR with Bypass Capacitor Variation



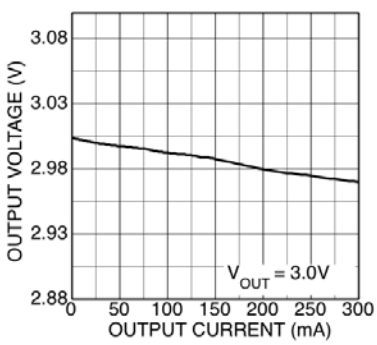
PSRR with Load Variation



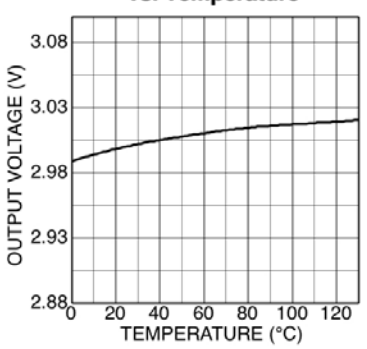
PSRR with Load Variation



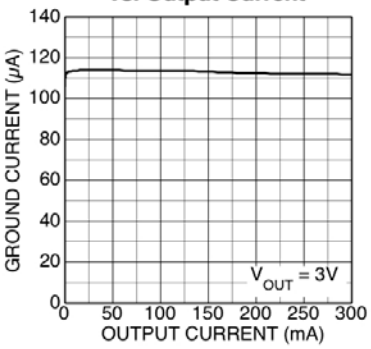
Output Voltage vs. Load Current



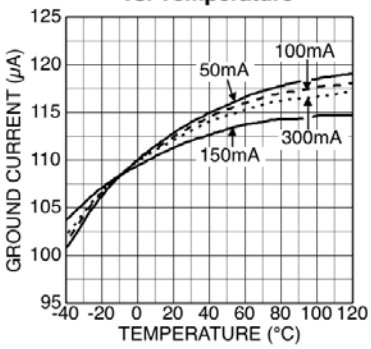
Output Voltage vs. Temperature



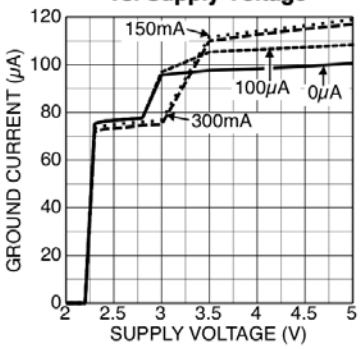
Ground Current vs. Output Current



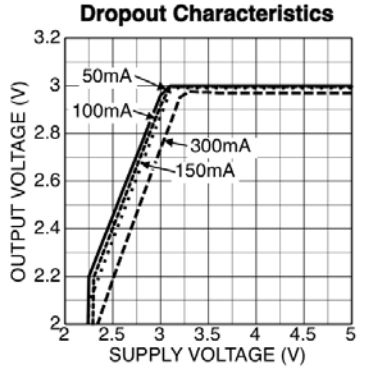
Ground Current vs. Temperature



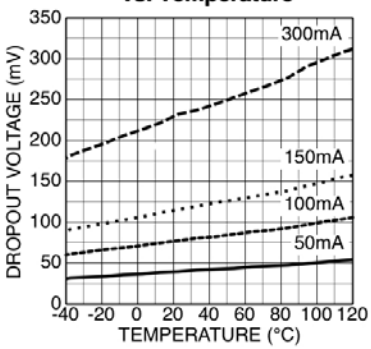
Ground Current vs. Supply Voltage



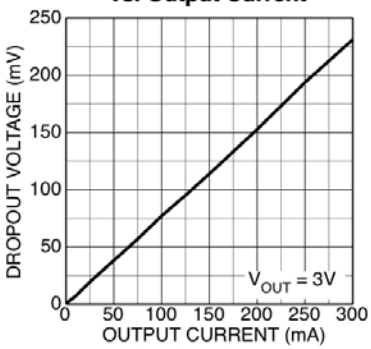
Dropout Characteristics



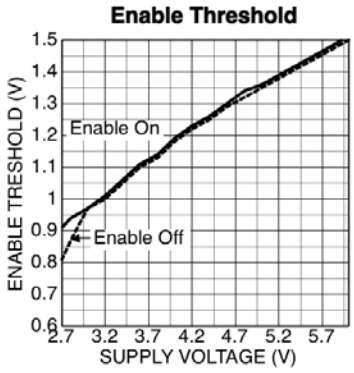
Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature

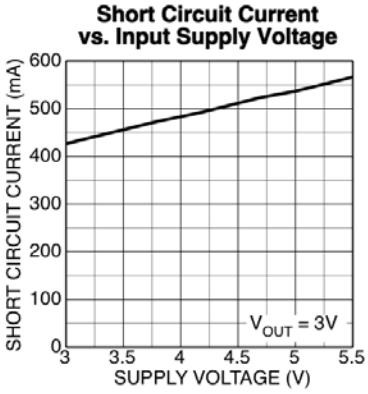


Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

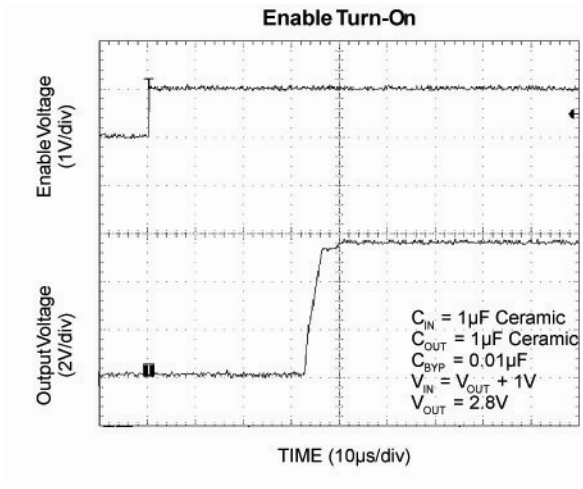


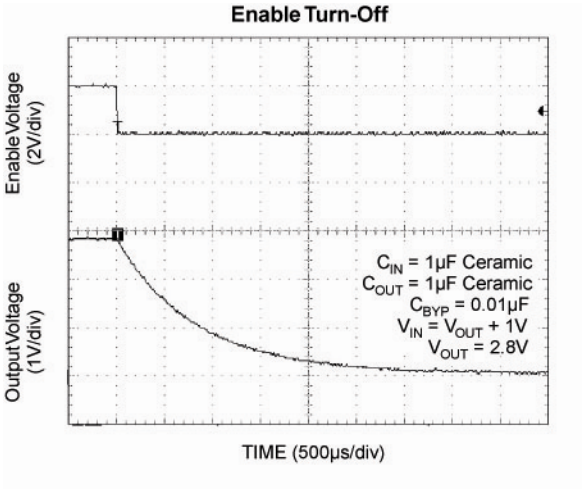
Typical Characteristics (cont.)

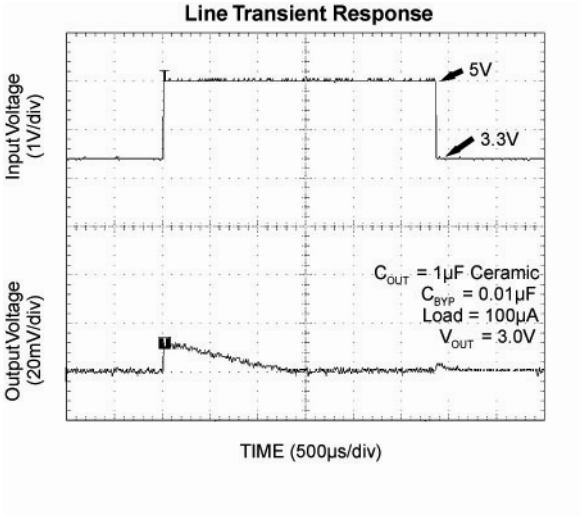


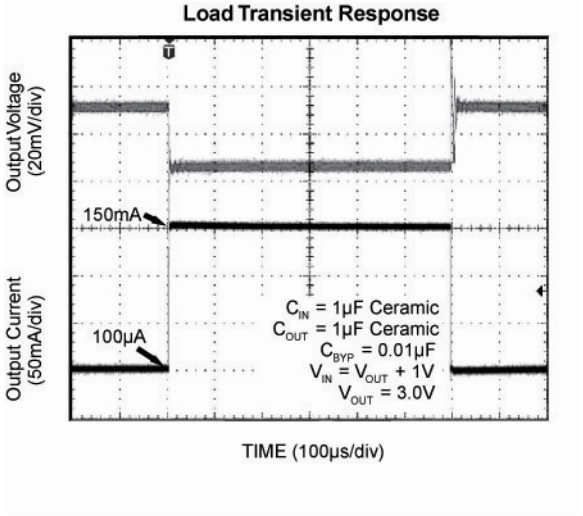


Functional Characteristics

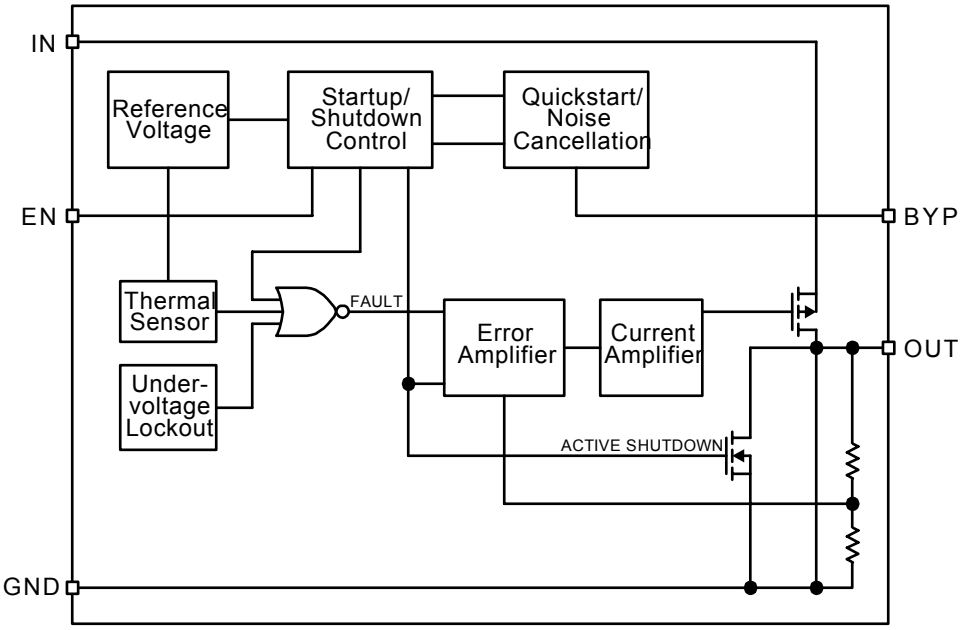








Functional Diagram



Application Information

Enable/Shutdown

The MIC5259 comes with an active-high enable pin that allows the regulator to be disabled. Forcing the enable pin low disables the regulator and sends it into a "zero" off-mode-current state. In this state, current consumed by the regulator goes nearly to zero. Forcing the enable pin high enables the output voltage. This part is CMOS and the enable pin cannot be left floating; a floating enable pin may cause an indeterminate state on the output.

Input Capacitor

The MIC5259 is a high performance, high bandwidth device. Therefore, it requires a well-bypassed input supply for optimal performance. A 1µF capacitor is required from the input-to-ground to provide stability. Low-ESR ceramic capacitors provide optimal performance at a minimum of space. Additional high frequency capacitors, such as small valued NPO dielectric type capacitors, help filter out high frequency noise and are good practice in any RF based circuit.

Output Capacitor

The MIC5259 requires an output capacitor for stability. The design requires 1µF or greater on the output to maintain stability. The design is optimized for use with low-ESR ceramic chip capacitors. High ESR capacitors may cause high frequency oscillation. The maximum recommended ESR is 300mΩ. The output capacitor can be increased, but performance has been optimized for a 1µF ceramic output capacitor and does not improve significantly with larger capacitance.

X7R/X5R dielectric-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because of their temperature performance. X7R-type capacitors change capacitance by 15% over their operating temperature range and are the most stable type of ceramic capacitors. Z5U and Y5V dielectric capacitors change value by as much as 50% and 60%, respectively, over their operating temperature ranges. To use a ceramic chip capacitor with Y5V dielectric, the value must be much higher than an X7R ceramic capacitor to ensure the same minimum capacitance over the equivalent operating temperature range.

Bypass Capacitor

A capacitor is required from the noise bypass pin to ground to reduce output voltage noise. The capacitor bypasses the internal reference. A 0.01µF capacitor is recommended for applications that require low-noise outputs. The bypass capacitor can be increased, further reducing noise and improving PSRR. Turn-on time increases slightly with respect to bypass capacitance. A unique quick-start circuit allows the MIC5259 to drive a large capacitor on the bypass pin without significantly slowing turn-on time. Refer to the "Typical Characteristics" section for performance with different bypass capacitors.

Active Shutdown

The MIC5259 also features an active shutdown clamp, which is an N-Channel MOSFET that turns on when the device is disabled. This allows the output capacitor and load to discharge, de-energizing the load.

No-Load Stability

The MIC5259 will remain stable and in regulation with no load unlike many other voltage regulators. This is especially important in CMOS RAM keep-alive applications.

Thermal Considerations

The MIC5259 is designed to provide 300mA of continuous current in a very small package. Maximum power dissipation can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across the part. To determine the maximum power dissipation of the package, use the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the device and the following basic equation:

$$P_{D(max)} = \left(\frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}} \right)$$

TJ(max) is the maximum junction temperature of the die, 125°C, and TA is the ambient operating temperature. θJA is layout dependent; Table 1 shows examples of junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the MIC5259.

Package	θ_{JA} Recommended Minimum Footprint	θ_{JA} 1" Square Copper Clad	θ_{JC}
SOT-23-5 (M5 or D5)	235°C/W	185°C/W	145°C/W
MLF (ML)	90°C/W		

Table 1. Thermal Resistance

The actual power dissipation of the regulator circuit can be determined using the equation:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} – V_{OUT}) I_{OUT} + V_{IN} I_{GND}$$

Substituting $P_{D(max)}$ for P_D and solving for the operating conditions that are critical to the application will give the maximum operating conditions for the regulator circuit. For example, when operating the MIC5259-2.8BML at 70°C with a minimum footprint layout, the maximum input voltage for a set output current can be determined as follows:

$$P_{D(max)} = \left(\frac{125°C - 70°C}{90°C/W} \right)$$

$$P_{D(max)} = 611mW$$

The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the minimum footprint is 90°C/W, from Table 1. The maximum power dissipation must not be exceeded for proper operation. Using the output voltage of 2.8V and an output current of 200mA, the maximum input voltage can be determined. Because this device is CMOS and the ground current is typically 110µA over the load range, the power dissipation contributed by the ground current is < 1% and can be ignored for this calculation.

$$611mW = (V_{IN} – 2.8V)\ 200mA$$

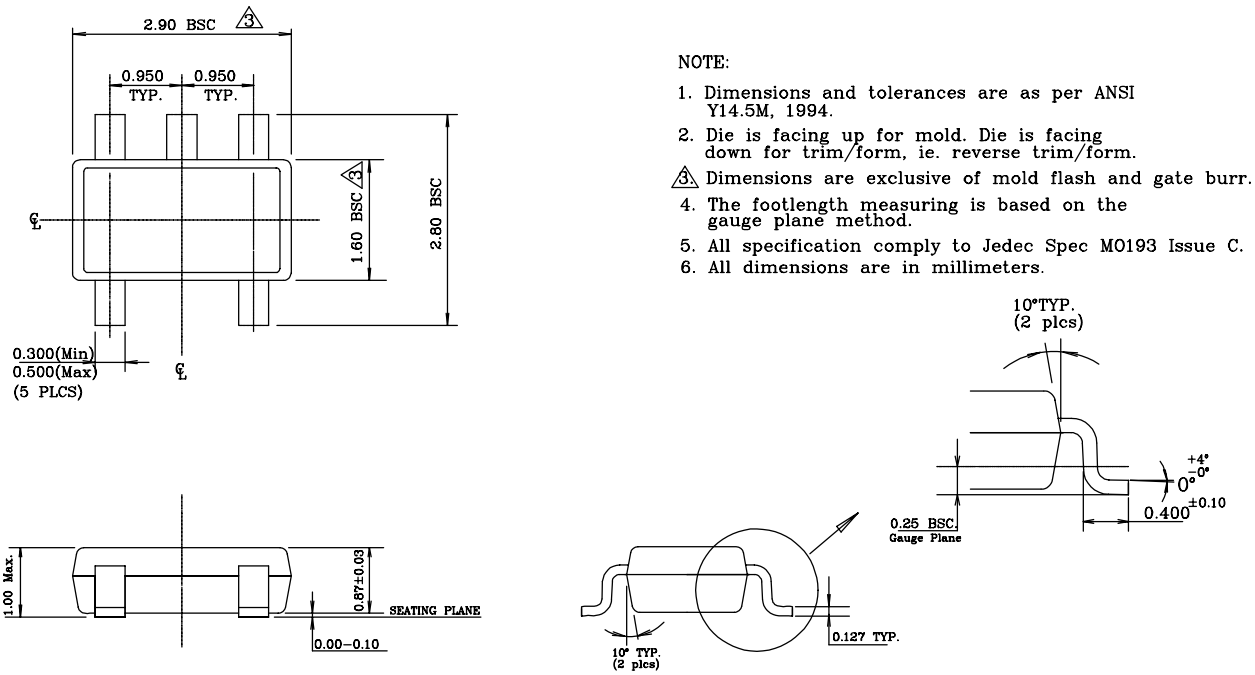
$$611mW = V_{IN} \times 200mA – 560mW$$

$$1171mW = V_{IN} \times 200mA$$

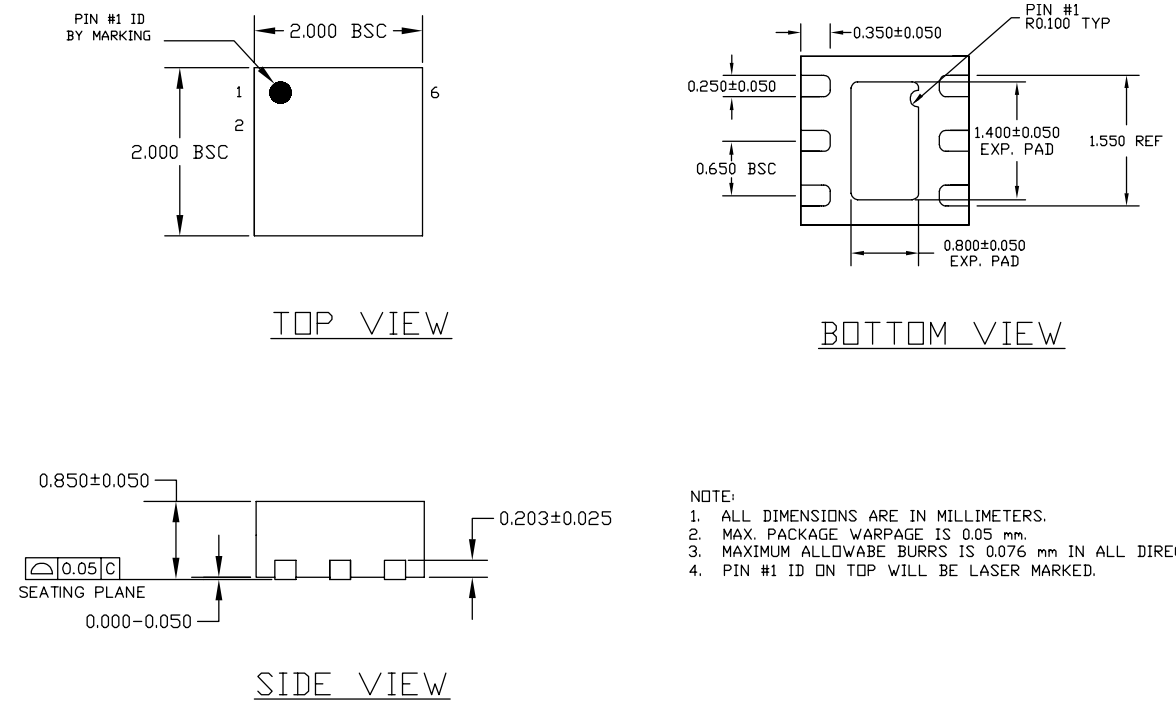
$$V_{IN(max)} = 5.85V$$

Therefore, a 2.8V application at 200mA of output current can accept a maximum input voltage of 5.85V in an MLF package. For a full discussion of heat sinking and thermal effects on voltage regulators, refer to the “Regulator Thermals” section of Micrel’s *Designing with Low-Dropout Voltage Regulators* handbook.

Package Information



5-Pin Thin SOT-23 (D5)



6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF® (ML)

MICREL, INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA
TEL +1 (408) 944-0800 FAX +1 (408) 474-1000 WEB http:/www.micrel.com

The information furnished by Micrel in this data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Micrel for its use. Micrel reserves the right to change circuitry and specifications at any time without notification to the customer.

Micrel Products are not designed or authorized for use as components in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of a product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems that (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user. A Purchaser's use or sale of Micrel Products for use in life support appliances, devices or systems is a Purchaser's own risk and Purchaser agrees to fully indemnify Micrel for any damages resulting from such use or sale.

© 2004 Micrel, Incorporated.

ENTEGRECİ

Bu belge www.entegreci.com üzerinden sunulmaktadır.

Elektronik komponent tedarikinde Entegreci

Entegreci, Eskişehir merkezli, Türkiye geneline satış yapan bir elektronik komponent mağazasıdır. Entegreler (IC), mikrodenetleyiciler, transistörler, diyotlar, pasif elemanlar, konnektörler, modüller ve geliştirme kartları tek adetten seri üretim adetlerine kadar satılır. Ürün sayfalarında güncel stok durumunu, fiyatı ve datasheet bağlantısını bulabilirsiniz.

Parça koduyla arama

Üretici parça numarasını yazın; stok ve fiyatı hemen görün.

www.entegreci.com

Ürün kategorileri

Entegreden kapasitöre tüm elektronik komponent kategorileri.

Kategorilere göz atın

Üreticiler

Aradığınız üreticinin ürünlerini tek sayfada inceleyin.

Üreticileri görün

Toplu alım ve teklif

Listede olmayan ya da yüksek adetli parçalar için teklif isteyin.

Teklif isteyin

www.entegreci.com | **destek@entegreci.com** | **0850 305 90 34**

Entegreci is an online electronic components store based in Türkiye. Search by manufacturer part number to see stock, prices and datasheets for integrated circuits, microcontrollers, transistors, passive components and connectors, or request a quote for parts that are not listed.

Bu sayfa Entegreci tarafından eklenmiştir. Belgenin önceki sayfaları asıl yayıncısına aittir ve içeriği değiştirilmemiştir; en güncel sürüm için belgenin yayıncısına başvurun.