N-Channel 100 V (D-S) MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY			
V_{DS} (V)	$R_{DS(on)}$ (Ω) (Max.)	I_D (A)[f]	Q_g (Typ.)
100	0.0235 at V_{GS} = 10 V	30[g]	9.5 nC
	0.0245 at V_{GS} = 7.5 V	30[g]	
	0.0315 at V_{GS} = 4.5 V	28.5	

FEATURES

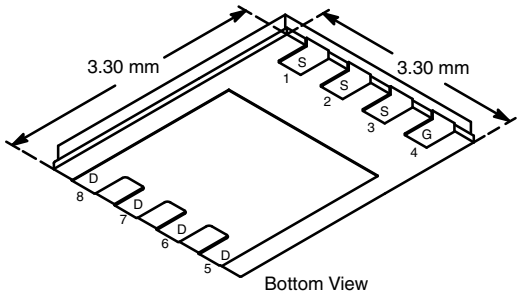
- TrenchFET® Power MOSFET
- 100 % R_g and UIS Tested
- Capable of Operating with 5 V Gate Drive
- Material categorization:
  For definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

RoHS COMPLIANT
HALOGEN FREE

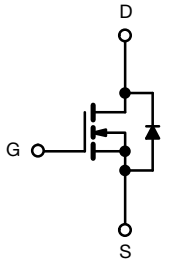
APPLICATIONS

- Telecom Bricks
- Primary side switch
- Synchronous Rectification
- Industrial

PowerPAK® 1212-8



Bottom View



N-Channel MOSFET

Ordering Information:
SiS890DN-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)				
Parameter		**Symbol**	**Limit**	**Unit**
Drain-Source Voltage		V_{DS}	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage		V_{GS}	± 20	
Continuous Drain Current (T_J = 150 °C)	T_C = 25 °C	I_D	30[g]	A
	T_C = 70 °C		26.5	
	T_A = 25 °C		8.8[a, b]	
	T_A = 70 °C		7.1[a, b]	
Pulsed Drain Current (t = 300 µs)		I_{DM}	60	
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T_C = 25 °C	I_S	30[g]	
	T_A = 25 °C		3.1[a, b]	
Single Pulse Avalanche Current	L = 0.1 mH	I_{AS}	10	
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy		E_{AS}	5	mJ
Maximum Power Dissipation	T_C = 25 °C	P_D	52	W
	T_C = 70 °C		33	
	T_A = 25 °C		3.7[a, b]	
	T_A = 70 °C		2.4[a, b]	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T_J, T_{stg}	- 55 to 150	°C
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature)[c, d]			260	

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS					
Parameter		**Symbol**	**Typical**	**Maximum**	**Unit**
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient[a, e]	t ≤ 10 s	R_{thJA}	26	33	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)	Steady State	R_{thJC}	1.9	2.4	

Notes:
a. Surface mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
b. t = 10 s.
c. See solder profile (www.vishay.com/doc?73257). The PowerPAK 1212-8 is a leadless package. The end of the lead terminal is exposed copper (not plated) as a result of the singulation process in manufacturing. A solder fillet at the exposed copper tip cannot be guaranteed and is not required to ensure adequate bottom side solder interconnection.
d. Rework conditions: manual soldering with a soldering iron is not recommended for leadless components.
e. Maximum under steady state conditions is 81 °C/W.
f. Based on T_C = 25 °C.
g. Package limited.

This document is subject to change without notice.
THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT www.vishay.com/doc?91000

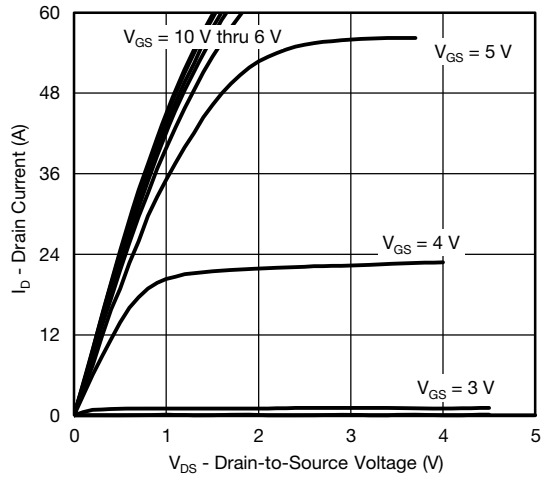
SPECIFICATIONS (T_J = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)						
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Test Conditions**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Unit**
Static						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V_{DS}	V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = 250 µA	100			V
V_{DS} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_J$	I_D = 250 µA		63		mV/°C
$V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$			- 5.5		
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	V_{DS} = V_{GS} , I_D = 250 µA	1.5		3	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I_{GSS}	V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = ± 20 V			± 100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	V_{DS} = 100 V, V_{GS} = 0 V			1	µA
		V_{DS} = 100 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, T_J = 55 °C			10	
On-State Drain Current[a]	$I_{D(on)}$	$V_{DS} \geq$ 5 V, V_{GS} = 10 V	20			A
Drain-Source On-State Resistance[a]	$R_{DS(on)}$	V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 10 A		0.0195	0.0235	Ω
		V_{GS} = 7.5 V, I_D = 7 A		0.0204	0.0245	
		V_{GS} = 4.5 V, I_D = 5 A		0.0260	0.0315	
Forward Transconductance[a]	g_{fs}	V_{DS} = 15 V, I_D = 10 A		25		S
Dynamic[b]						
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	V_{DS} = 50 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		802		pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}			291		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}			39		
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	V_{DS} = 50 V, V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 10 A		19.1	29	nC
		V_{DS} = 50 V, V_{GS} = 7.5 V, I_D = 10 A		14.7	22	
		V_{DS} = 50 V, V_{GS} = 4.5 V, I_D = 10 A		9.5	14.5	
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}			2.8		
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}			4.9		
Output Charge	Q_{oss}	V_{DS} = 50 V, V_{GS} = 0 V		23	35	
Gate Resistance	R_g	f = 1 MHz	0.2	0.9	1.8	Ω
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD} = 50 V, R_L = 5 Ω $I_D \cong$ 10 A, V_{GEN} = 7.5 V, R_g = 1 Ω		10	20	ns
Rise Time	t_r			12	24	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			16	32	
Fall Time	t_f			9	18	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD} = 50 V, R_L = 5 Ω $I_D \cong$ 10 A, V_{GEN} = 10 V, R_g = 1 Ω		9	18	
Rise Time	t_r			10	20	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			16	32	
Fall Time	t_f			8	16	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I_S	T_C = 25 °C			30	A
Pulse Diode Forward Current	I_{SM}				60	
Body Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	I_S = 4 A, V_{GS} = 0 V		0.78	1.2	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	I_F = 10 A, dI/dt = 100 A/µs, T_J = 25 °C		34	68	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}			34	68	nC
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t_a			19.5		ns
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t_b			14.5		

Notes:
a. Pulse test; pulse width ≤ 300 µs, duty cycle ≤ 2 %.
b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

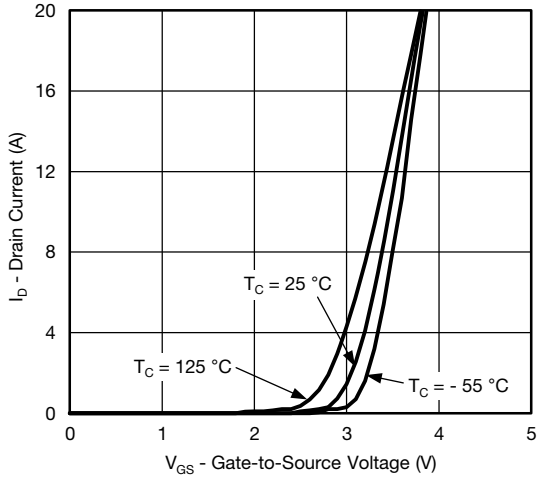
Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

This document is subject to change without notice.
THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT www.vishay.com/doc?91000

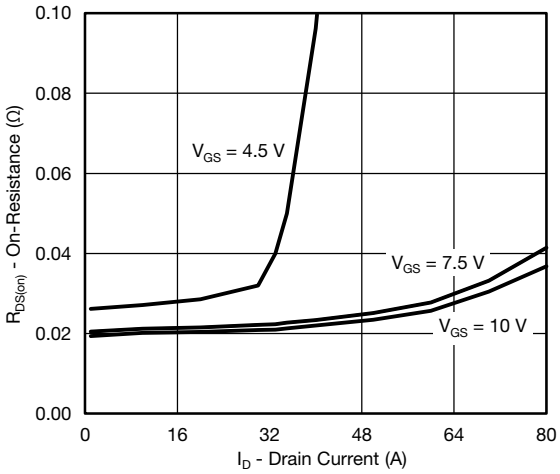
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



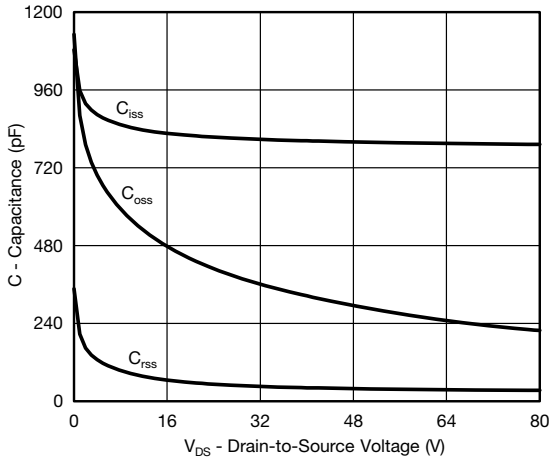
Output Characteristics



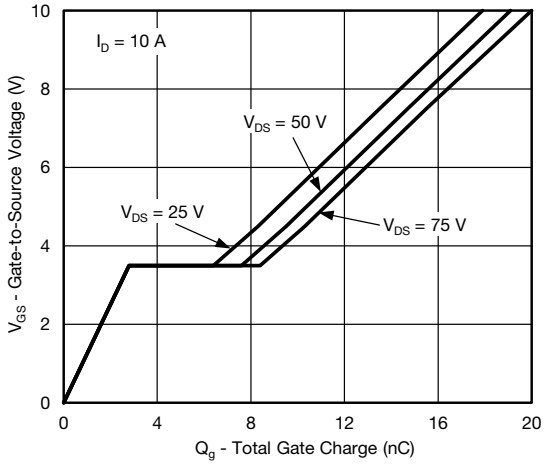
Transfer Characteristics



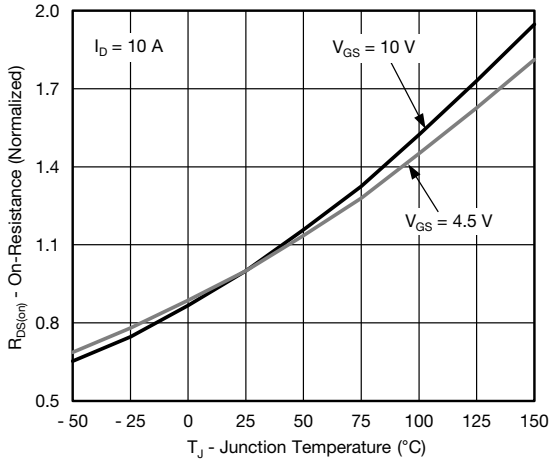
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage



Capacitance



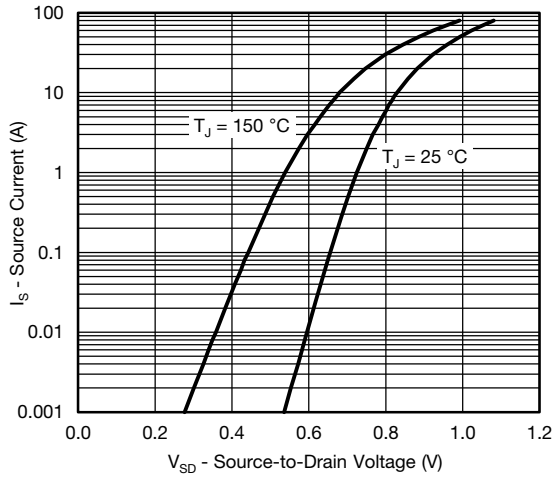
Gate Charge



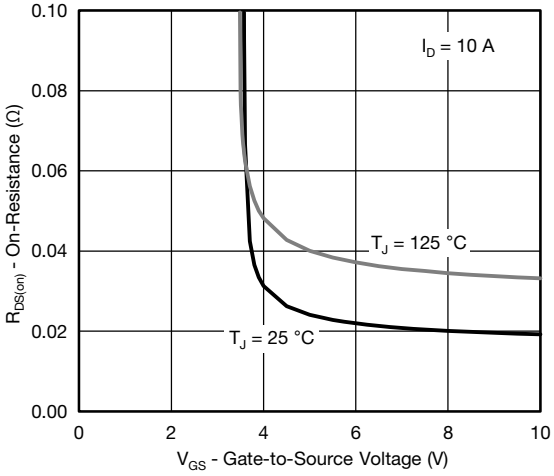
On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

This document is subject to change without notice.
THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT www.vishay.com/doc?91000

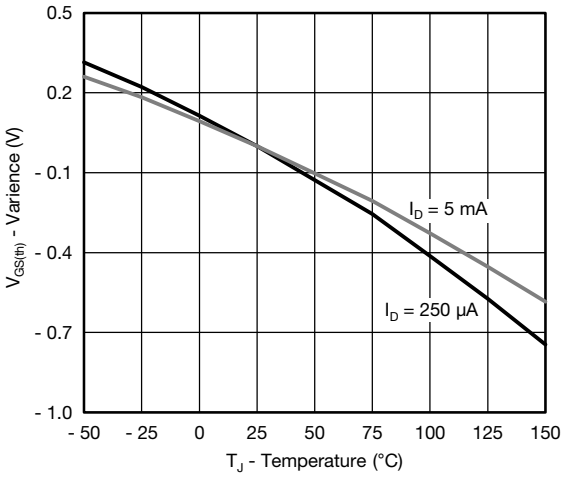
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



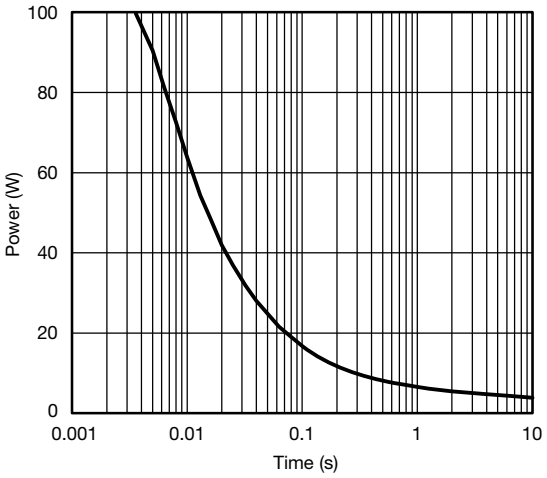
Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



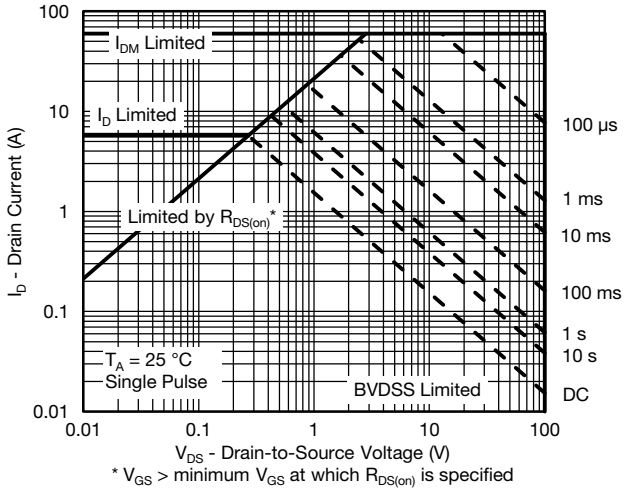
On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Threshold Voltage



Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient

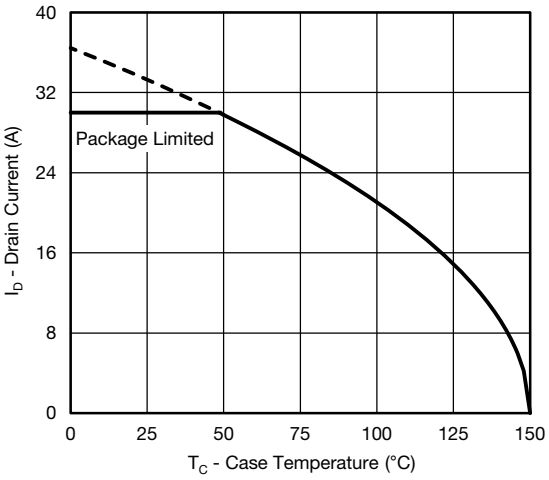


Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient

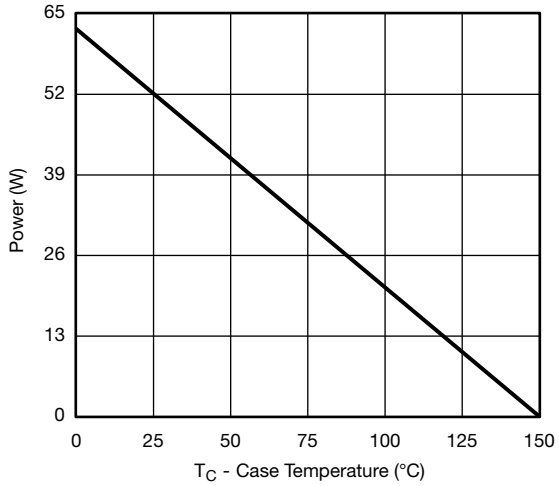
For technical questions, contact: pmostechsupport@vishay.com

This document is subject to change without notice.
THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT www.vishay.com/doc?91000

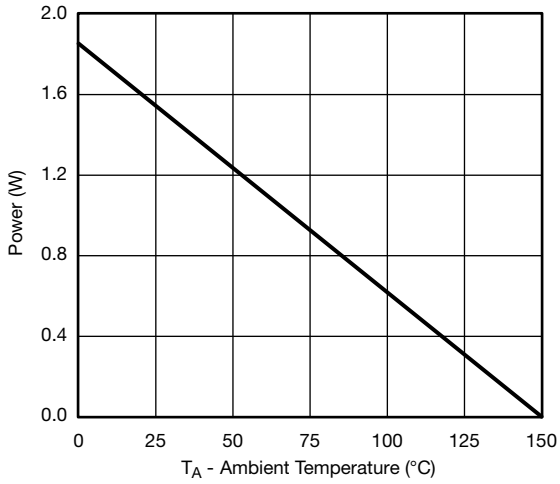
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



Current Derating*



Power, Junction-to-Case

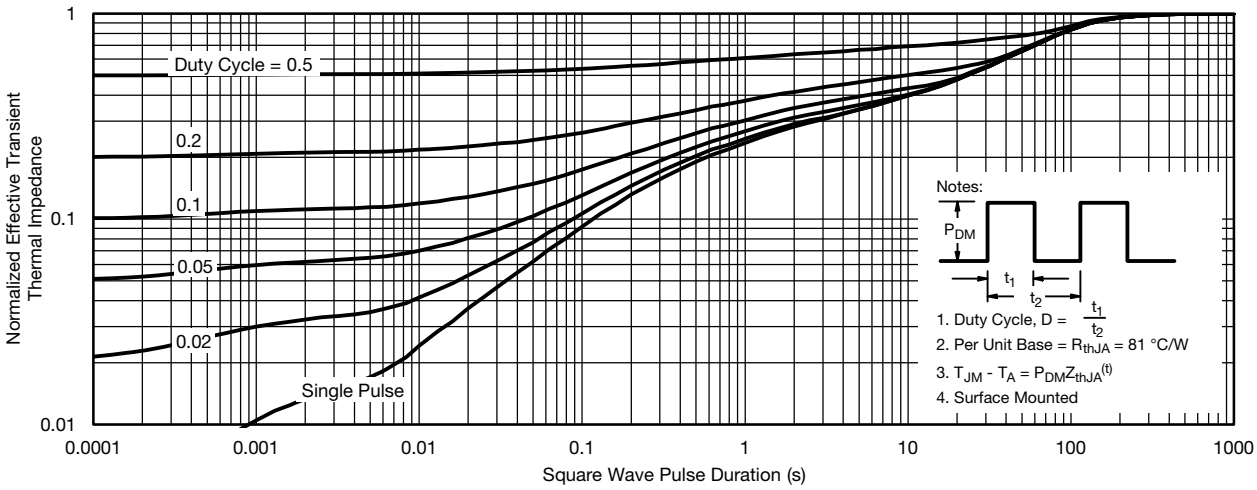


Power, Junction-to-Ambient

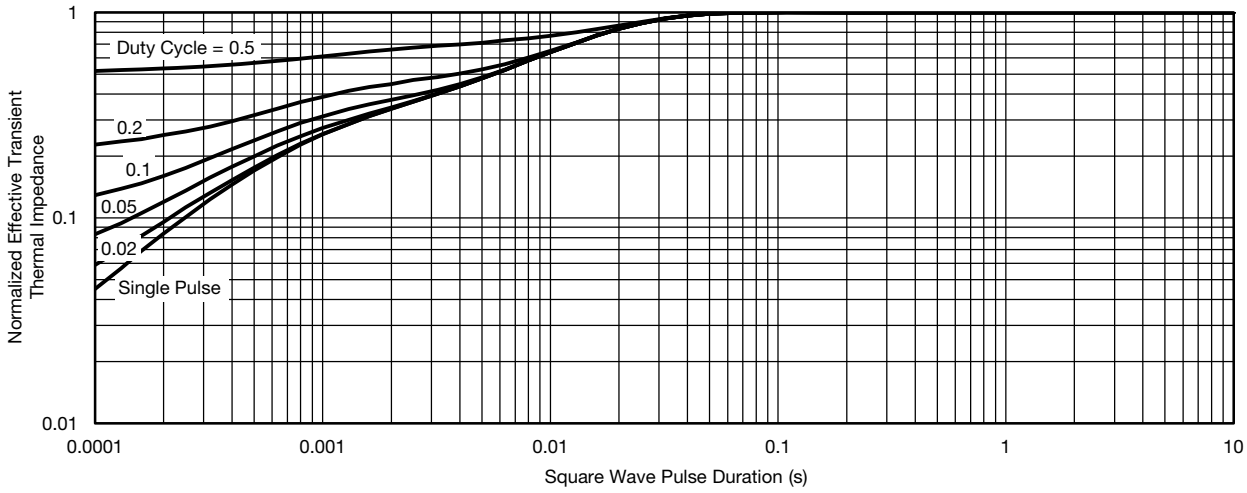
* The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(max)}$ = 150 °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.

This document is subject to change without notice.
THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT www.vishay.com/doc?91000

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

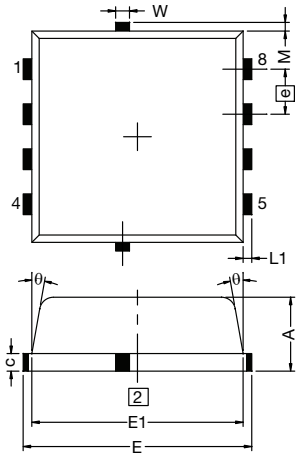


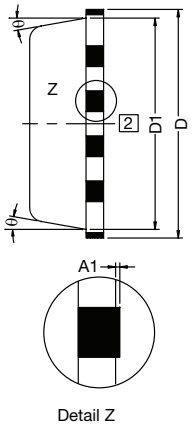
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?63867.

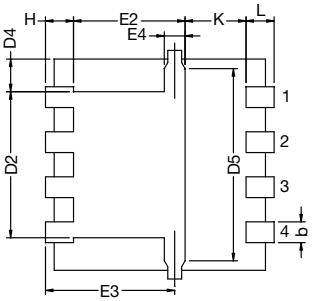
This document is subject to change without notice.
THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT www.vishay.com/doc?91000

PowerPAK® 1212-8, (Single / Dual)

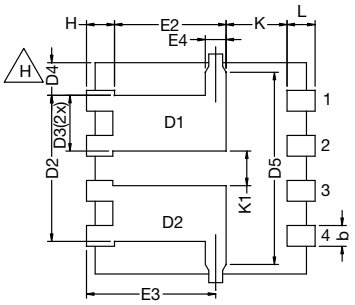




Detail Z



Backside view of single pad



Backside view of dual pad

Notes
1. Inch will govern
2 Dimensions exclusive of mold gate burrs
3. Dimensions exclusive of mold flash and cutting burrs

DIM.	MILLIMETERS			INCHES		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	0.97	1.04	1.12	0.038	0.041	0.044
A1	0.00	-	0.05	0.000	-	0.002
b	0.23	0.30	0.41	0.009	0.012	0.016
c	0.23	0.28	0.33	0.009	0.011	0.013
D	3.20	3.30	3.40	0.126	0.130	0.134
D1	2.95	3.05	3.15	0.116	0.120	0.124
D2	1.98	2.11	2.24	0.078	0.083	0.088
D3	0.48	-	0.89	0.019	-	0.035
D4	0.47 typ.			0.0185 typ		
D5	2.3 typ.			0.090 typ		
E	3.20	3.30	3.40	0.126	0.130	0.134
E1	2.95	3.05	3.15	0.116	0.120	0.124
E2	1.47	1.60	1.73	0.058	0.063	0.068
E3	1.75	1.85	1.98	0.069	0.073	0.078
E4	0.034 typ.			0.013 typ.		
e	0.65 BSC			0.026 BSC		
K	0.86 typ.			0.034 typ.		
K1	0.35	-	-	0.014	-	-
H	0.30	0.41	0.51	0.012	0.016	0.020
L	0.30	0.43	0.56	0.012	0.017	0.022
L1	0.06	0.13	0.20	0.002	0.005	0.008
θ	0°	-	12°	0°	-	12°
W	0.15	0.25	0.36	0.006	0.010	0.014
M	0.125 typ.			0.005 typ.		
ECN: S16-2667-Rev. M, 09-Jan-17 DWG: 5882						

For technical questions, contact: pmostechsupport@vishay.com

THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT www.vishay.com/doc?91000

PowerPAK® 1212 Mounting and Thermal Considerations

Johnson Zhao

MOSFETs for switching applications are now available with die on resistances around 1 mΩ and with the capability to handle 85 A. While these die capabilities represent a major advance over what was available just a few years ago, it is important for power MOSFET packaging technology to keep pace. It should be obvious that degradation of a high performance die by the package is undesirable. PowerPAK is a new package technology that addresses these issues. The PowerPAK 1212-8 provides ultra-low thermal impedance in a small package that is ideal for space-constrained applications. In this application note, the PowerPAK 1212-8's construction is described. Following this, mounting information is presented. Finally, thermal and electrical performance is discussed.

THE PowerPAK PACKAGE

The PowerPAK 1212-8 package (Figure 1) is a derivative of PowerPAK SO-8. It utilizes the same packaging technology, maximizing the die area. The bottom of the die attach pad is exposed to provide a direct, low resistance thermal path to the substrate the device is mounted on. The PowerPAK 1212-8 thus translates the benefits of the PowerPAK SO-8 into a smaller package, with the same level of thermal performance. (Please refer to application note "PowerPAK SO-8 Mounting and Thermal Considerations.")

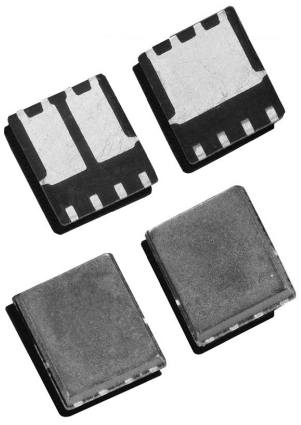


Figure 1. PowerPAK 1212 Devices

The PowerPAK 1212-8 has a footprint area comparable to TSOP-6. It is over 40 % smaller than standard TSSOP-8. Its die capacity is more than twice the size of the standard TSOP-6's. It has thermal performance an order of magnitude better than the SO-8, and 20 times better than TSSOP-8. Its thermal performance is better than all current SMT packages in the market. It will take the advantage of any PC board heat sink capability. Bringing the junction temperature down also increases the die efficiency by around 20 % compared with TSSOP-8. For applications where bigger packages are typically required solely for thermal consideration, the PowerPAK 1212-8 is a good option.

Both the single and dual PowerPAK 1212-8 utilize the same pin-outs as the single and dual PowerPAK SO-8. The low 1.05 mm PowerPAK height profile makes both versions an excellent choice for applications with space constraints.

PowerPAK 1212 SINGLE MOUNTING

To take the advantage of the single PowerPAK 1212-8's thermal performance see Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs.* Click on the PowerPAK 1212-8 single in the index of this document.

In this figure, the drain land pattern is given to make full contact to the drain pad on the PowerPAK package.

This land pattern can be extended to the left, right, and top of the drawn pattern. This extension will serve to increase the heat dissipation by decreasing the thermal resistance from the foot of the PowerPAK to the PC board and therefore to the ambient. Note that increasing the drain land area beyond a certain point will yield little decrease in foot-to-board and foot-to-ambient thermal resistance. Under specific conditions of board configuration, copper weight, and layer stack, experiments have found that adding copper beyond an area of about 0.3 to 0.5 in^2 of will yield little improvement in thermal performance.

PowerPAK 1212 DUAL

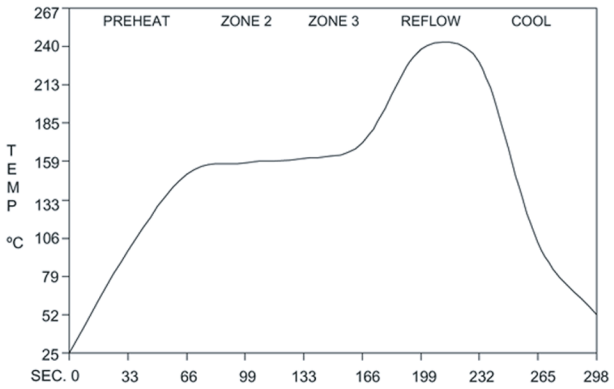
To take the advantage of the dual PowerPAK 1212-8's thermal performance, the minimum recommended land pattern can be found in Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs*. Click on the PowerPAK 1212-8 dual in the index of this document.

The gap between the two drain pads is 10 mils. This matches the spacing of the two drain pads on the PowerPAK 1212-8 dual package.

This land pattern can be extended to the left, right, and top of the drawn pattern. This extension will serve to increase the heat dissipation by decreasing the thermal resistance from the foot of the PowerPAK to the PC board and therefore to the ambient. Note that increasing the drain land area beyond a certain point will yield little decrease in foot-to-board and foot-to-ambient thermal resistance. Under specific conditions of board configuration, copper weight, and layer stack, experiments have found that adding copper beyond an area of about 0.3 to 0.5 in^2 of will yield little improvement in thermal performance.

REFLOW SOLDERING

Vishay Siliconix surface-mount packages meet solder reflow reliability requirements. Devices are subjected to solder reflow as a preconditioning test and are then reliability-tested using temperature cycle, bias humidity, HAST, or pressure pot. The solder reflow temperature profile used, and the temperatures and time duration, are shown in Figures 2 and 3. For the lead (Pb)-free solder profile, see http://www.vishay.com/doc?73257.



Ramp-Up Rate	+ 6 °C /Second Maximum
Temperature at 155 ± 15 °C	120 Seconds Maximum
Temperature Above 180 °C	70 - 180 Seconds
Maximum Temperature	240 + 5/- 0 °C
Time at Maximum Temperature	20 - 40 Seconds
Ramp-Down Rate	+ 6 °C/Second Maximum

Figure 2. Solder Reflow Temperature Profile

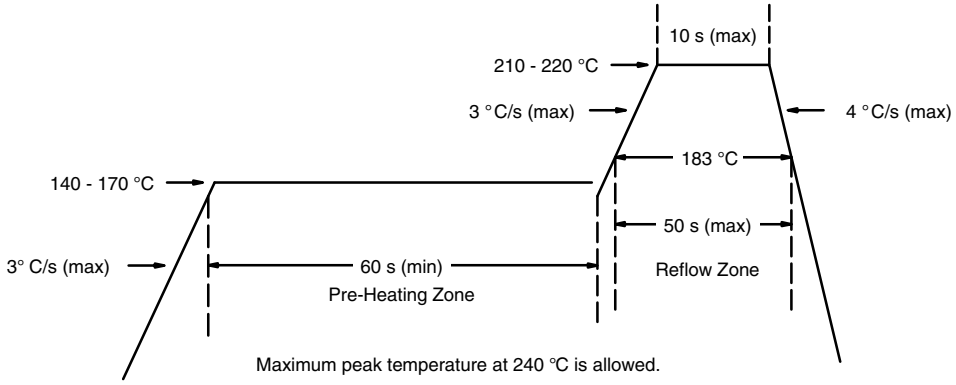


Figure 3. Solder Reflow Temperatures and Time Durations

TABLE 1: EQIVALENT STEADY STATE PERFORMANCE										
Package	**SO-8**		**TSSOP-8**		**TSOP-8**		**PPAK 1212**		**PPAK SO-8**	
Configuration	**Single**	**Dual**	**Single**	**Dual**	**Single**	**Dual**	**Single**	**Dual**	**Single**	**Dual**
Thermal Resiatance R_{thJC}(C/W)	20	40	52	83	40	90	2.4	5.5	1.8	5.5

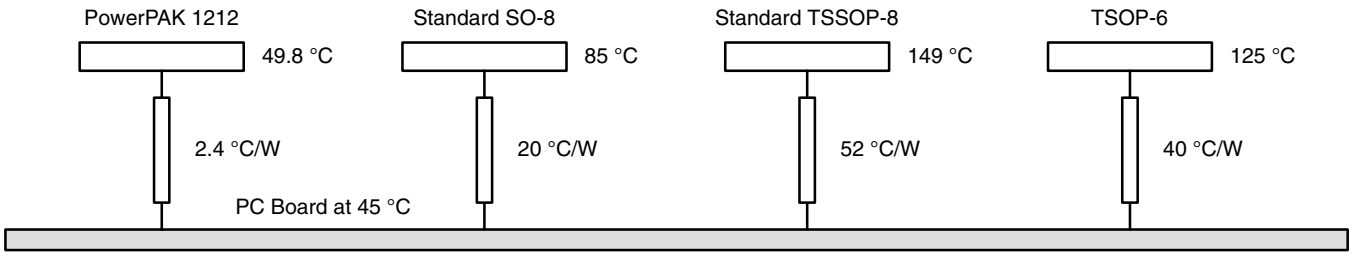


Figure 4. Temperature of Devices on a PC Board

THERMAL PERFORMANCE

Introduction

A basic measure of a device's thermal performance is the junction-to-case thermal resistance, Rθjc, or the junction to- foot thermal resistance, Rθjf. This parameter is measured for the device mounted to an infinite heat sink and is therefore a characterization of the device only, in other words, independent of the properties of the object to which the device is mounted. Table 1 shows a comparison of the PowerPAK 1212-8, PowerPAK SO-8, standard TSSOP-8 and SO-8 equivalent steady state performance.

By minimizing the junction-to-foot thermal resistance, the MOSFET die temperature is very close to the temperature of the PC board. Consider four devices mounted on a PC board with a board temperature of 45 °C (Figure 4).

Suppose each device is dissipating 2 W. Using the junction-to-foot thermal resistance characteristics of the PowerPAK 1212-8 and the other SMT packages, die temperatures are determined to be 49.8 °C for the PowerPAK 1212-8, 85 °C for the standard SO-8, 149 °C for standard TSSOP-8, and 125 °C for TSOP-6. This is a 4.8 °C rise above the board temperature for the PowerPAK 1212-8, and over 40 °C for other SMT packages. A 4.8 °C rise has minimal effect on $r_{DS(ON)}$ whereas a rise of over 40 °C will cause an increase in $r_{DS(ON)}$ as high as 20 %.

Spreading Copper

Designers add additional copper, spreading copper, to the drain pad to aid in conducting heat from a device. It is helpful to have some information about the thermal performance for a given area of spreading copper.

Figure 5 and Figure 6 show the thermal resistance of a PowerPAK 1212-8 single and dual devices mounted on a 2-in. x 2-in., four-layer FR-4 PC boards. The two internal layers and the backside layer are solid copper. The internal layers were chosen as solid copper to model the large power and ground planes common in many applications. The top layer was cut back to a smaller area and at each step junction-to-ambient thermal resistance measurements were taken. The results indicate that an area above 0.2 to 0.3 square inches of spreading copper gives no additional thermal performance improvement. A subsequent experiment was run where the copper on the back-side was reduced, first to 50 % in stripes to mimic circuit traces, and then totally removed. No significant effect was observed.

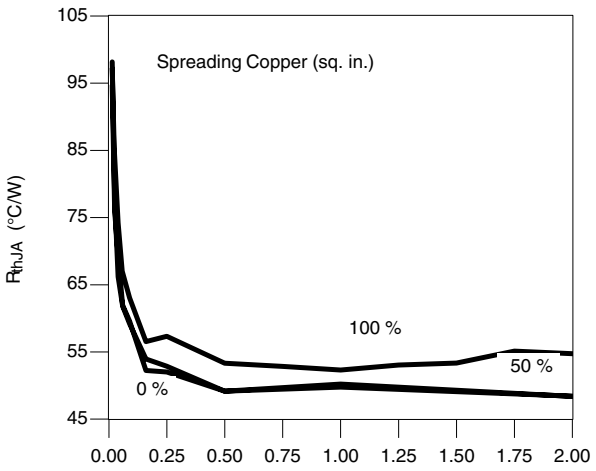


Figure 5. Spreading Copper - Si7401DN

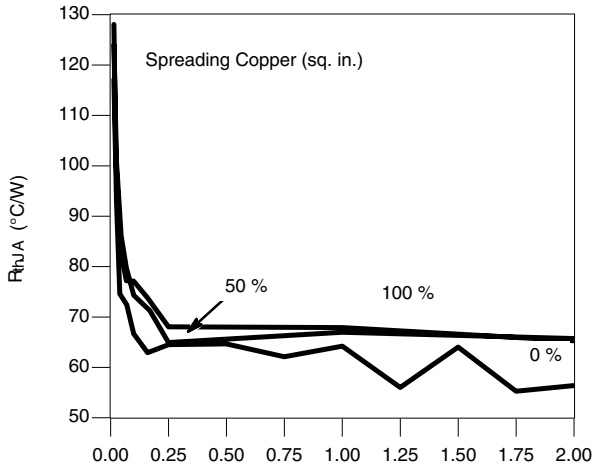


Figure 6. Spreading Copper - Junction-to-Ambient Performance

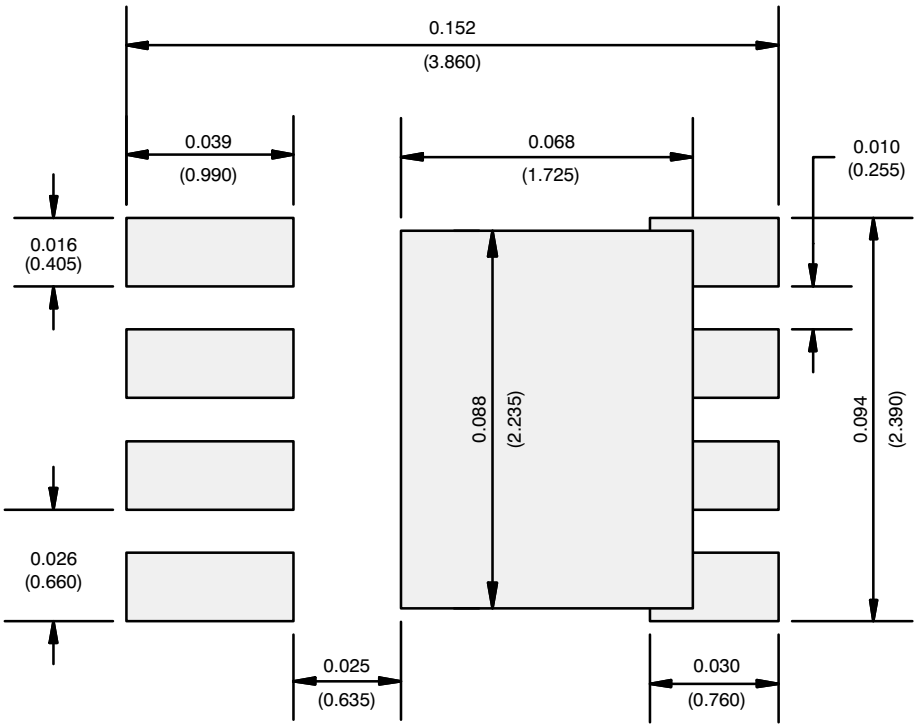
CONCLUSIONS

As a derivative of the PowerPAK SO-8, the PowerPAK 1212-8 uses the same packaging technology and has been shown to have the same level of thermal performance while having a footprint that is more than 40 % smaller than the standard TSSOP-8.

Recommended PowerPAK 1212-8 land patterns are provided to aid in PC board layout for designs using this new package.

The PowerPAK 1212-8 combines small size with attractive thermal characteristics. By minimizing the thermal rise above the board temperature, PowerPAK simplifies thermal design considerations, allows the device to run cooler, keeps $r_{DS(ON)}$ low, and permits the device to handle more current than a same- or larger-size MOSFET die in the standard TSSOP-8 or SO-8 packages.

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR PowerPAK® 1212-8 Single



Recommended Minimum Pads
Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

Return to Index

APPLICATION NOTE

Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, “Vishay”), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and / or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Hyperlinks included in this datasheet may direct users to third-party websites. These links are provided as a convenience and for informational purposes only. Inclusion of these hyperlinks does not constitute an endorsement or an approval by Vishay of any of the products, services or opinions of the corporation, organization or individual associated with the third-party website. Vishay disclaims any and all liability and bears no responsibility for the accuracy, legality or content of the third-party website or for that of subsequent links.

Vishay products are not designed for use in life-saving or life-sustaining applications or any application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death unless specifically qualified in writing by Vishay. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.

© 2026 VISHAY INTERTECHNOLOGY, INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT www.vishay.com/doc?91000

ENTEGRECİ

Bu belge www.entegreci.com üzerinden sunulmaktadır.

Elektronik komponent tedarikinde Entegreci

Entegreci, Eskişehir merkezli, Türkiye geneline satış yapan bir elektronik komponent mağazasıdır. Entegreler (IC), mikrodenetleyiciler, transistörler, diyotlar, pasif elemanlar, konnektörler, modüller ve geliştirme kartları tek adetten seri üretim adetlerine kadar satılır. Ürün sayfalarında güncel stok durumunu, fiyatı ve datasheet bağlantısını bulabilirsiniz.

Parça koduyla arama

Üretici parça numarasını yazın; stok ve fiyatı hemen görün.

www.entegreci.com

Ürün kategorileri

Entegreden kapasitöre tüm elektronik komponent kategorileri.

Kategorilere göz atın

Üreticiler

Aradığınız üreticinin ürünlerini tek sayfada inceleyin.

Üreticileri görün

Toplu alım ve teklif

Listede olmayan ya da yüksek adetli parçalar için teklif isteyin.

Teklif isteyin

www.entegreci.com | **destek@entegreci.com** | **0850 305 90 34**

Entegreci is an online electronic components store based in Türkiye. Search by manufacturer part number to see stock, prices and datasheets for integrated circuits, microcontrollers, transistors, passive components and connectors, or request a quote for parts that are not listed.

Bu sayfa Entegreci tarafından eklenmiştir. Belgenin önceki sayfaları asıl yayıncısına aittir ve içeriği değiştirilmemiştir; en güncel sürüm için belgenin yayıncısına başvurun.